

# Graphical User Interface for the Ghostscript for Windows Command Line

Version 3.0b

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## **Abstract:**

The accompanying software is a MS Windows program. It makes the use of Ghostscript for Windows more convenient. Ghostscript can interpret and display Postscript files intended for expensive Postscript printers. This program was created for Ghostscript 2.6.0. It works with 2.6.1. It is a MS Visual Basic 2.0 creation.

## **About Postscript & Ghostscript:**

Some of your software may produce output intended to go to a Postscript printer. Alternatively, you may have received Postscript files. The output may be text, images, or both. Postscript printers are very capable, and very expensive. Coloured Postscript printers are even more expensive.

Ghostscript for Windows is a MS Windows version of Ghostscript, a Postscript interpreter, from Aladdin Enterprises, Copyright 1989, 1992. It is distributed by the Free Software Foundation, Inc.

Postscript is a "Page Description Language" used in Desktop Publishing by high-end systems, and printed on Postscript Printers, the high end of laser printers. It is also used by commercial printers. Ghostscript makes it possible to print Postscript on common printers, preview output on the screen, and convert Postscript files into image files. As freely distributable software, it is an incredible piece of work. Watch for new revisions of Ghostscript.

Ghostscript can be downloaded from various sites on the Internet, and some BBS's. One well known Internet site for Ghostscript is:

                  wuarchive.wustl.edu  
Look under:  
                  systems/msdos/win3/util

and get the Ghostscript files, the font files, and the samples. There are many mirror sites for wuarchive.

Ghostscript originated on UNIX systems, but has been ported to the PC. There are PC, 386 PC, and MS Windows versions available. The 386 PC version is fastest, while the Windows version is far more convenient and has a good selection of output devices. The Windows version can use the Windows printer device, too.

To use this Command Line GUI software you will need:

A 386 or better PC with enough memory (Ghostscript wants a 386 or better)	
MS Windows 3.1 running Enhanced Mode	
Ghostscript (2.6.0) for Windows (or 2.6.1)	gs260exe.zip
Ghostscript font files	gs260fnt.zip
This software	gs26wi3a.zip
The Visual Basic 2.0 DLL file (not included)	vbrun200.dll
The Visual Basic VBX file (included - use this version)	threed.vbx

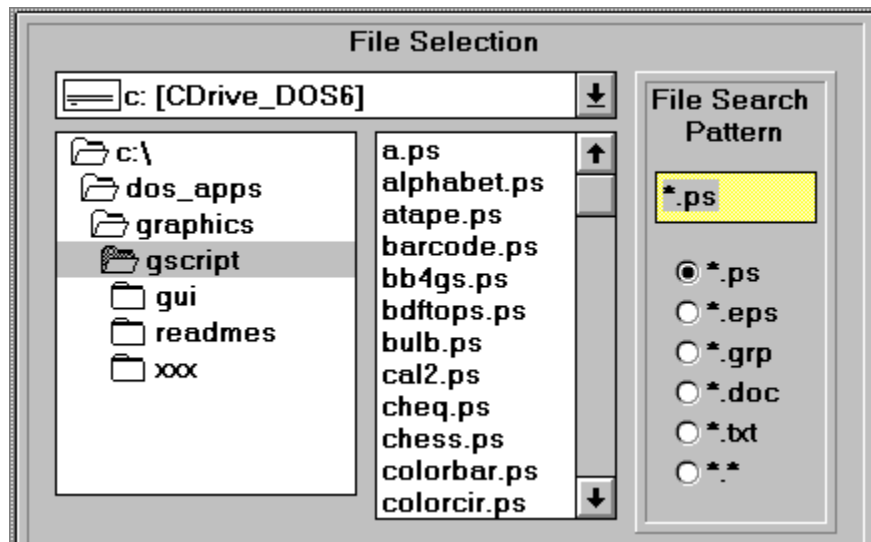
This interface software has been tested on a '486 PC with large RAM, under DOS 6.0 and Windows 3.1.

## **The Command Line GUI for MS Windows:**

The present piece of software was created to make the use of Ghostscript for Windows convenient. The Windows version of Ghostscript (GS) is similar to the DOS and UNIX versions. It will output graphics to a separate window in the MS Windows version, and take advantage of a 256 colour display if you have one. The output can be directed to the screen, various affordable *Non*-Postscript printers, and image files.

Unless you know Postscript programming, you may find using Ghostscript awkward, especially since the GS documentation is very brief. GS can be used conveniently if it is launched with command line parameters. However, using command line parameters is a bit difficult under MS Windows so I wrote a program in Visual Basic to make it easier. I created this software in order to access and manipulate the output from a commercial finite element package. I have automatically processed many files of Postscript output. I output to the screen, to BMP files, or to an HP Deskjet colour printer. You may have a variety of good uses for it.

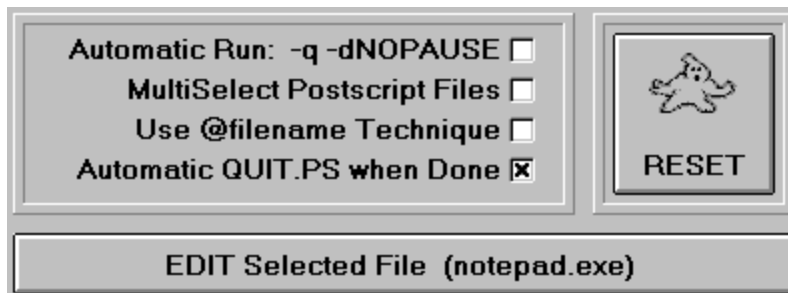
The program has file browsing tools that let you move through drives and subdirectories looking for your Postscript files. You can click on one file to enter it into the command line, which you can see on the yellow horizontal bar. There is also a MultiSelect feature for selecting several files in one directory.



File Selection Tools

You can click option buttons or manually enter the file search pattern, in order to look for \*.ps, \*.eps, \*.grp, or other files.

I have included a command button to bring up the Notepad program of MS Windows in order to manually edit your selected Postscript file, if it is not too long for Notepad. Use this feature carefully. Check buttons include a multiple file selection feature, an automatic Ghostscript quit feature, the @filename input method for long command lines, and a [-q -dNOPAUSE] button for "production runs", while the RESET button returns to the starting condition of the interface program.

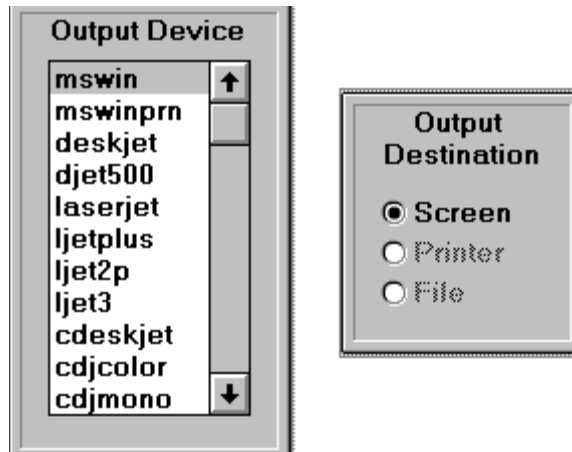


Command line options, Reset, and Edit

The @filename feature puts the options for the command line into a file, and refers to the filename on the command line. This feature is helpful under DOS because DOS has limitations on command line length that are not as severe under UNIX. This program creates a temporary file called ~fname~.nam, which should be automatically deleted after Ghostscript is launched. If you are using SHARE.EXE under DOS, or the disk drive on which it is created is not writable, an error message may result. The SHARE based error is non-fatal.

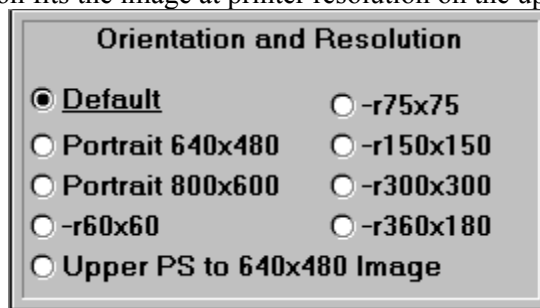
The @filename feature is automatically selected if the multiselect feature is active. The files chosen under multiselect are processed by Ghostscript in sequence. The user cannot choose the order of the sequence of multiselect files with this interface software.

There is a list box for selecting output devices and there are option buttons for output destinations (screen, printer, or file). Some of the device/destination combinations are incompatible and not selectable.



Output Device Selection

There are option buttons for alternative resolutions (usable resolutions are printer dependent). Other printer or screen resolutions can be manually entered into the command line. GS can convert Postscript files into \*.gif files of stated resolution or image dimensions. The user can manually enter any gif file dimensions. You may want to use an image processing program to rotate the output image 90 degrees. There are option buttons for turning a landscape Postscript image 90 degrees and reducing its size to 640x480 or 800x600 pixels. With a printer, this option fits the image at printer resolution on the upper part of a portrait page.



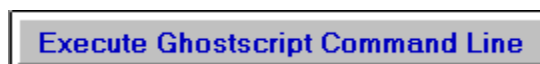
Orientation and Size Options

There is an [Upper PS to 640x480 Image] button to create an image of the upper part of a PS page inside a 640x480 screen image or gif file. The image is enlarged (margins are clipped) so the command will not be satisfactory for all Postscript files. You will have to edit the uppr\_gif.ps and uppr\_scr.ps files in order to change magnification and position on the page. Use trial and error, or expertise.



Command Line User Customized Text

User customized text for the command line can be entered into the Special text box. The Save Special Input button will save this input so that it is used every time the interface is launched. The [ Execute... ] button launches Ghostscript for Windows with the command line parameters displayed in the text box. If the line is too long for DOS, it will have to be shortened. One way is to output to a file in the C:\ directory or in the default directory. Another is to use the @filename facility provided by Ghostscript and implemented in this version of my program.



Execute Command Button

## Installation:

You will need the Visual Basic DLL file `vbrun200.dll` in your Windows directory in order to use the interface. This file is freely distributable and can be found on the Internet and many BBS's. The file `threed.vbx` has been included and should be kept with the executable `gs26wgui.exe`. It enables the 3D appearance control devices used with the interface. It should NOT be put in the Windows subdirectory, because it may conflict with a more recent version of `threed.vbx` loaded by other software you own.

Unzip this interface software into a subdirectory... I suggest `C:\GSCRIPT`. Unzip Ghostscript for Windows and its support files into this same directory (e.g. `C:\GSCRIPT`).

Set up the following environment variables in your `AUTOEXEC.BAT` file. Manually enter these lines into `AUTOEXEC.BAT`:

```
SET GS_LIB=C:\GSCRIPT
SET GSWN_LIB=C:\GSCRIPT
```

or substitute whatever subdirectory you have chosen. (If you don't know what I am talking about, get help!) The `GS_LIB` variable is used by Ghostscript, while the `GSWN_LIB` variable is used by this command line interface. Some users set the `GS_LIB` variable to point to more than one directory, in order to place elsewhere the font files used by Ghostscript. The `GSWN_LIB` variable must point to **one directory only**, since it is used to create the command line. Use the full path.

Reboot the PC, then bring up MS Windows. Under the Program Manager menu, select **File,New** and install a new program item into your Applications program group. The program is:

```
c:\gscript\gs26wgui.exe
```

and also set the working directory to `C:\GSCRIPT` (assuming this is the subdirectory you have chosen. You may wish to use your own icon).

Run the program in the usual way (double click the program icon). Hit the [Execute Ghostscript Command Line] button to launch Ghostscript with whatever parameters you have chosen. A mouse is required, unless you like using the Tab key.

You can also use Ghostscript interactively if you know how. There are a few suggestions in the GS documentation - read it (`use.doc` and others).

To quit, if you have not used the `QUIT.PS` option button, type `quit` into the Ghostscript interactive session window. You cannot run two Ghostscript sessions simultaneously, so be careful to kill one session before starting another.

## Hints:

When GS for Windows generates a screen image, it is in a Form called Ghostscript Image. You can click this icon to full size to see the image being generated. The Ghostscript Image will display when done, anyway. Using the control box:



the image can be sent to the Windows Clipboard once finished being generated.

The image size can be user set with the `-r` parameter (pixels per inch) or by setting the image size with the `-g` parameter (image size in pixels). See the GS documentation.

Ghostscript can be redirected to use other Type 1 fonts. These can be better than those that ship with Ghostscript. See the GS documentation.

If you want to generate image files from Postscript files containing 24 bit colour, try selecting 24 bit BMP file output (**bmp16m**). Use an image processing program to reduce the colour depth to 8 bits, if desired.

## \*.PS Files:

There are some accompanying `*.ps` postscript files here. The `port_*.ps` files, when used with the `-g640x480` parameter should turn a landscape picture upright and fit it in a 640x480 image. For printers the portrait mode was set up to work with 300 DPI printers. Other aspect ratios may not work. There is probably a better way to do this. The proportions are about right, but not exactly right. The `p800_*.ps` files are for 800x600 images.

The `uppr_scr.ps` and `uppr_gif.ps` files when used with the `-g640x480` parameter give a slightly enlarged view of the upper part of a Postscript page. They were written for output to screen or gif file.

## Final Notes:

This program was written with Visual Basic for Windows ver. 2.0. You will need the `vbrun200.dll` file in your Windows directory in order to run it. This file can be found on Internet sites or on many BBS's. The `thread.vbx` file comes with the Professional Version of Visual Basic 2.0 and should be kept with the interface software, NOT put in the Windows subdirectory.

This interface program is freely distributable and is not to be sold.

This Version 3.0 is intended to be an improvement over 2.0. It uses tools available in Revision 2.0 of Visual Basic Professional Version, and I hope that the interface will be attractive and convenient. I could always be interested in custom programming.

Free software - use at your own risk. I accept no responsibilities for its use, inability to use, damages, or consequential damages, etc., etc., etc.  
It is simply an interface to Ghostscript for Windows.

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